

THE ENTERPRISE.

WELLINGTON, N. Z. OHIO.

General News Summary.

Interesting Home and Foreign News.

DOMESTIC.

Mrs. Joanna Davern, a widow, 60 years old, was burned to death in a fire which destroyed her home at Courtland, N. Y., on the 1st. She was rescued from the burning house, but returned to it to secure valuable papers and perished.

A fire of unknown origin destroyed Charles Bacharach's clothing store at Philadelphia on the 3d and before the flames were subdued 15 other buildings, principally small dwellings in the vicinity, were badly damaged. The entire loss is estimated at \$150,000; covered by insurance.

The American Hide and Leather Co. was incorporated in the county clerk's office at Jersey City, N. J., on the 3d. It has a capital of \$700,000.

The heaviest rain of the season visited Illinois on the 3d, bringing relief to winter wheat which has suffered severely from the dry spell in April in 25 years.

Four hundred machinists employed in the Saco and Pettie shops at Biddeford, Me., have struck for an advance of 20 per cent in wages.

Leola Carr and George Vanderwerf left Brooklyn for Bridgeport, N. Y., on the 1st, and on the 2d and 3d have not been heard of since. A storm which swept the lake an hour after they sailed overturned their boat, it is supposed.

The jury in the case of Theodore Willis, former city works commissioner of Brooklyn, N. Y., and William E. Phillips, ex-pastor of the city, returned for conspiracy to defraud the city through public contracts, reported on the 3d that they could not agree on a verdict and they were discharged by the court.

A world's shooting record was broken in the state tournament at Lincoln, Neb., on the 4th when in a rapid shoot at 20 targets, squad No. 1 closed with a clean score.

Ex-Alderman W. J. Leary, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who was under indictment with other Brooklyn ex-officials for conspiracy to defraud the city, fell dead on the night of the 4th at his home.

The preliminary statement of lead production for 1908, issued by the United States geological survey, based on returns from the pig lead producers in the United States, shows that the total lead production from all sources was 310,695 net tons, as against 289,698 in 1907 and 264,994 in 1906.

The Chapman Slate Co., whose quarries are near Bethlehem, Pa., announce a 15 to 20 per cent. advance in wages.

C. E. Kummer and Robert C. Kummer, brothers, were drowned in Lower Mystic lake, near West Medford, Mass., on the 4th, while canoeing.

A battery of sixteen 12-inch rifled mortars is being put in place at Port Point, near San Francisco, and military engineers are doing the work. The Golden Gate will be impregnable. The mortars have an accurate range of five miles.

The employees of the blast furnaces of the E. & G. Brooke Iron Co., at Birdsboro, Pa., have been notified of another advance of 10 per cent. in wages, taking effect May 15. They will then be getting a raise of 24 per cent. over 1908 wages.

The federal authorities of the western district of Texas, embracing all of the Rio Grande border, have received information that a gigantic plot is under way to smuggle Chinese into this country from Mexico.

An examination of the books of J. E. Wiscooke, ex-city treasurer of Argentine, Kan., shows a shortage of \$10,000. One man found \$2,000 and \$3,500. Wiscooke has disappeared.

The government has commenced the work of putting in position the eight cannons around the historic Perry willow on Put-in-Bay Island, in Lake Erie. The cannons came from the Brooklyn navy yard and will mark the resting place of Lieut. Brooks and Midshipman Lunt and Clark, of Perry's fleet. The government has appropriated \$20,000 to put the cannons in position.

Business failures in the United States for the week ended May 5 numbered 158, as compared with 238 for the corresponding period of 1908, and 23 in the same time last year.

Gen. Henry, at San Juan, Porto Rico, is making fair progress in the plan for the enlistment of 400 Porto Ricans in the United States army for service in their native country.

The postmaster general has ordered that the rural free delivery service of the country be divided into two grand subdivisions, the western and eastern. The former is to consist of the states west of the Ohio and its headquarters will be at St. Louis. The other division, comprising states east of the Ohio, will have its headquarters in Washington.

A receiver has been appointed for the E. Kroeber Clock Co., of New York City, in proceedings brought by a majority of its directors for the voluntary dissolution of the corporation. The directors allege that the corporation is insolvent. The liabilities of the company are \$80,000, with nominal assets.

Special government officers are at Anderson, Ind., investigating the allegation that the government has been defrauded by large corporations in placing the valuation of plants transferred to them at a value far below their real worth, in order to pay less internal revenue tax. It is charged that property worth \$1,500,000 was turned in at \$250,000.

The president has presented gold medals to a number of persons in recognition of their heroic services in effecting the rescue of American citizens from disabled vessels.

The Great Central Railway Co., an English company, has ordered 20 freight engines at the Baldwin locomotive works in Philadelphia.

T. B. Kinnard, of Jamaica Plain, Mass., to whom the matter was submitted for investigation, has abandoned all work on the Keely motor and will ship back to the Keely company all the machines and manuscript left by the inventor. Since the alleged exposure of simplicity in the Keely laboratory some time ago Mr. Kinnard has done no work on the machine.

The water in the Penobscot river, near Bangor, Me., has remained at a freshet height for a week and all branches of the lumber trade have suffered. The lowlands in northern Maine are flooded and many of the country roads are under water.

The inter-collegiate shoot, in which the University of Pennsylvania, Princeton, Harvard and Yale participated, took place at Philadelphia on the 6th and was won by the University of Pennsylvania.

The phenomenal rate cutting war between the gas companies of New York City continues with unabated zeal as far as the price of the service is concerned, but new features have been introduced which forecast a settlement and the formation of a powerful combination.

At Springfield, Ill., on the 6th the jury in the case of the 16 companies comprising the Springfield Coal association, indicted on the charge of violating the anti-trust law in forming a pool and advancing the price of coal from 75 cents to \$1.35 per ton without making a corresponding advance in wages of their miners, brought in a verdict of not guilty, after being out six hours.

The fall heavily all over Nebraska on the 7th. At Cedar Creek, in Cass county, a cloudburst caused several thousand dollars' damage. Small streams overflowed their banks and the Burlington trucks were flooded for 600 yards to the depth of several inches. Farm lands on the hillsides were badly furrowed and all the planted corn was washed out.

A mob of 2,000 strike sympathizers made it practically impossible to operate cars with safety in West Duluth, Minn., on the night of the 6th. Considerable glass was broken and two arrests were made. The crowd threw stones and eggs and placed obstructions on the tracks.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Rev. Samuel H. Kellogg, one of the best known theologians in the country, died suddenly on the 3d at Landau, Ind., where, with two other eminent scholars, he was translating the Scriptures into Hindostanee.

Brig. Gen. Thomas M. Anderson, who retired recently from the Philippines, has been assigned to command of the Department of the Lakes.

The president has decided to appoint Albert S. Kenny paymaster general of the navy to succeed Edwin Stewart, retired. Kenny is now general storekeeper in New York City.

Hon. Early F. Poppleton, one of the leading criminal lawyers of Ohio, died at Delaware, O., on the 6th. Mr. Poppleton was an active democrat, having represented the old Ninth congressional district in the Forty-fourth congress.

The funeral of Sergeant Charles Smith, of the United States marines, who fell in the first engagement with Spanish troops in Cuba, June 11, 1898, and who is supposed to have been the first American killed on Cuban soil in the war with Spain, took place at Westminster, Md., on the 7th, and was attended by about 2,000 persons.

Gov. Roosevelt has signed a bill passed by the New York legislature providing that any person, connected with the police force who shall use his official power either for or against any political party shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Prof. Cervello, of the University of Palermo, Italy, claims to have discovered a radical cure for tuberculosis. The remedy consists in the subcutaneous injection of a substance called "formalina." Out of 100 patients Prof. Cervello is said to have cured 65 and the others are improving.

Mail Carriers Brinane has made a perilous trip from the Sticks to the States, and is now in the Dominion and provincial governments to send relief to upwards of 300 men who are facing starvation on the Ashcroft trail. Mules and dogs had been the sole diet of the men for weeks when the mail carrier left.

The Washington volunteers in the Philippines dug up large sums of money in two towns taken by the Americans. The largest sum found in one place was \$1,300. One man found \$5,000, another \$1,200, one \$800 and several sums of \$400 and \$500 were unearthed.

At Dresden City, Ont., on the 6th, the local branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce was robbed of \$10,000. The robbers got away without leaving a clue.

LATER.

A cyclone which passed over Canadian county, Okla., recently, destroyed at least 20 barns and caused great damage to growing crops. At Chickasaw 17 buildings were wrecked and 14 persons injured. J. H. Murray, a railroad man, who was caught under falling timbers, died of his injuries. James Whitman and his son George, farmers near Okarche, were killed in their field.

The Topeka (Kan.) Capital has started a popular subscription to purchase a school for Gen. Funston. Every county, town and city in Kansas is asked to contribute.

The engine room of the sawmill of the Payne Lumber Co., at Oshkosh, Wis., was wrecked by a boiler explosion on the 7th. Eugene Dubois, his wife and child were the only persons in the mill. The woman was killed outright, the child died in an hour and Dubois was injured. The explosion caused a great change in the ownership of the mill.

Maj. J. C. Overman, U. S. A., retired, was instantly killed by falling from a steeple on which he was at work at his summer home in Nantucket, Mass., on the 8th.

Work has been resumed in full in the American plate glass works at Alexandria, Ind. Neither side will state the conditions on which over 600 men resumed work, but it is understood that the men abandoned the union.

An attempt was made on the 8th to start the cotton mills of the Penobscot at Taftville, Conn., where 1,400 employees are on strike. The attempt was not a success, only 50 union men going to work. Of these 50 quit at noon.

The state department has been informed that the Duke of Arco will present his credentials to the president as minister of Spain early in June, and that Hon. Bellamy Storer will be received by the queen regent of Spain at the same time.

An extensive deal in the iron industry has been practically closed at Bellefonte, Pa., by which a syndicate of eastern capitalists will become owners of the Collins furnace, the 150-ton plant built in 1887 and which has been idle since 1900. The new company has also purchased the extensive ore mines of the Carnegie Co. at Scotia, 16 miles west of Bellefonte, as well as the ore rights on hundreds of acres of land.

Fire at New York City on the 8th damaged the six-story furniture factory of Lev Abramson to the extent of \$100,000.

Gov. Gage has appointed Lieut. Col. Dubois to be colonel of the First California regiment at Manila to succeed Col. Smith, who was made brigadier general by the president.

WILL ABDICATE.

Mr. Carnegie to Lay Down the Steel Trade's Scepter.

His Partners Will Purchase His Industrial Interests—The Cause for Compromise Breaks Out in Several Branches of Business—Hitherto Untouched.

New York, May 6.—Mr. H. C. Frick was seen yesterday and made the following statement:

"The current rumors that the Carnegie Steel Co. and the H. C. Frick Co. contemplate combination with other steel interests are wholly unfounded. What was in contemplation, and what is now practically consummated, is the amalgamation under one corporate organization of all of the properties and interests of the Carnegie Steel Co. and the H. C. Frick Co. and their subsidiary and allied organizations. Practically the only change in the situation will be the retirement of Mr. Andrew Carnegie from the organization, he having sold to his partners his entire interest. Mr. Carnegie's intention being to give his entire time in the future to the prosecution of his great philanthropic work.

"With reference to the charters which have been obtained in Pennsylvania and New Jersey there is nothing to say at present, but it should be well understood that there will be no change in the management of the various companies."

It was authoritatively said yesterday that a syndicate of English capitalists is negotiating for the purchase of a number of cotton mills in and near Fall River, Mass. The English syndicate concerned is said to be the Cotton Spinners' Fine Yarn association, which a year or so ago purchased nearly all the smaller English concerns. It is at the present time negotiating the purchase of ten of the Fall River mills and is now conducting an investigation into their affairs. It is likely that the American Thread Co. is attempting a consolidation of the cotton yarn mills of Fall River. An official of the thread company is quoted as saying that, if such a combine is formed, it will probably be formed by the American Thread Co. Inasmuch as English capital is behind the thread company it is regarded as likely that this latest report is but the reappearance of the first in a different form.

The Times publishes the following: Arrangements have been completed for the organization of a company with a capital of \$15,000,000 to absorb the principal glass bottle manufacturing companies of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. The company will be incorporated within a few days in New Jersey and its headquarters will be established in this city. The new concern will be known as the National Glass Co.

Trenton, N. J., May 6.—Articles of incorporation were filed Friday with the secretary of state of the Illinois Electric Light and Power Co., with an authorized capital of \$25,000,000.

The company is authorized to operate auto-motors in Illinois and is one of several companies organized and controlled by the Whitney-Elkins syndicate for the manufacture and operation of auto-motors.

Chicago, May 6.—Principals and representatives of the Whitney-Elkins-Widener syndicate, of New York and Philadelphia, were in the city yesterday with officers of the local street railway interests. Levy Mayer, general counsel for the Whitney-Elkins-Widener syndicate, in an interview last night regarding the projected sale of the consolidated street railways to the syndicate, said: "Mr. Yerkes has not yet parted with his holdings. I think he will, however. If so, Mr. Yerkes will get a large amount of money for his interests. I should say at least \$10,000,000."

The Chronicle says: Manufacturers of specialties used in the manufacture of railway rolling stock have united and will transfer their plants to a new corporation which will bear the title of the American Equipment Co. The company will be capitalized at \$22,000,000.

REFUSED TO YIELD.

Buffalo Longshoremen Continue the Strike—Fruitless Conference.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 6.—The members of the state board of arbitration worked hard yesterday in an endeavor to settle the troubles on the docks. Conferences were held with the strikers' leaders, meetings were addressed and speeches listened to, and at midnight a conference was held at the Iroquois hotel, at which were present representatives of all the interests involved and a determined effort was made to bring about a settlement of the difficulty, but without avail.

While there is every indication that Contractor Connors is willing to grant concessions to the strikers in the way of advanced wages and close removal of the strikers' bosses, the strikers show a most unyielding spirit.

A meeting was held in the afternoon at which 5,000 seamen were present. When a member of the state board asked the men if they would return to work if all their demands were met—that of the withdrawal of the contract from Mr. Connors—were conceded, there was a great shout of "no, never; we will not go to work again under any contract."

The great blockade in the harbor is worse than ever.

Will Test the Marconi System.

London, May 6.—According to a statement made by the secretary of the Wireless Telegraph Company, an attempt to transmit trans-Atlantic messages by the Marconi system will be made during the contests for the America's cup. Stations will be established at Sandy Hook and elsewhere along the coast laid out for the great yacht race, from which the entire contest will be visible. Messages recording the progress of the races will be transmitted from these stations to a point on the Irish coast in the neighborhood of Waterford.

Smith's Decision Is Just.

Washington, May 6.—Postmaster General Smith made a ruling yesterday that the sign "U. S. Mail" or any other sign indicating the carriage of the mails must be carried only by such cars on street railway lines as actually at the time are transporting the mails. This decision is in response to a request from the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employees, who in convention in Louisville Wednesday telegraphed President McKinley a protest against the indiscriminate use of these signs by street cars.

A Protest Against Exclusion.

Washington, May 6.—The president's action has made a strong protest to the state department against the exclusion of the Chinese exclusion act to Cuba, this having been one result of a recent executive order extending the immigration laws of the United States to Cuba and Porto Rico. An attaché of the legation said yesterday that the legation had made such a protest, and that in view of the fact that the Chinese would make the best kind of citizens in the event of a default in payment. The companies' price is \$17,000,000, exclusive of a bank account of \$400,000, which is to be turned over to the commission as working capital.

Disaster Predicted.

Santiago, Cuba, May 6.—The former Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes, which was sunk in the channel of Santiago harbor during the bombardment of Admiral Sampson's fleet on June 6, and which was recently raised, pumped out and brought to this city for repairs, left her moorings Friday and was towed to the center of the harbor in readiness to start for Newport News as soon as the tow boat arrives. Some practical navigators predict a repetition of the disaster which befell the Infanta Maria Teresa when on her way north. If rough weather is encountered,

DEWEY IS COMING HOME.

His Successor as Commander of the Asiatic Squadron Is Appointed.

Washington, May 9.—The navy department has selected a successor to Admiral Dewey to command the Asiatic station. Orders were issued yesterday detaching Rear Admiral Watson from command of the Mare Island navy yard and ordering him to report to Admiral Dewey at Manila, to relieve that officer when he feels that he can be spared there. Rear Admiral Kempf, at present on waiting orders, has been ordered to succeed Watson in command of the Mare Island navy yard.

It is stated at the navy department that Admiral Dewey will come from Manila direct to New York when he returns to the United States. The admiral will not start until the commission of which he is a member has completed the work it has undertaken, at least so far as it relates to the restoration of peace to the islands.

The reason for bringing the flagship Olympia to New York instead of having her come to San Francisco, where she was built, is said to be primarily because Admiral Dewey desires to make the passage on his own flagship, and also for the reason that the Mare Island navy yard threatens to be overwhelmed with repair work as soon as the numerous vessels of Dewey's fleet begin to return to the United States. The Olympia is in need of a thorough overhauling, having been away from her home station longer than any of the vessels in the Asiatic fleet, and rendered more than the usual amount of hard service during her absence.

New York, May 9.—Admiral Dewey has enabled to this city his acceptance of an invitation to a banquet to be given in his honor by 100 prominent citizens.

Thirty-seven citizens have announced their intention of subscribing \$100 each for a banquet in honor of the great captain, and there is no doubt that the list will be filled by the 63 others necessary to make the 100 men and the \$10,000 planned for.

Thus, when Admiral Dewey does arrive, which it is believed will not be until in August or early in September, there will await him, in addition to the civic celebration, which will be most elaborate, the most splendid banquet ever prepared for an officer.

HELD IN \$1,000 BAIL.

Practitioners of Christian Science are charged with molesting a woman's death.

New York, May 9.—Coroner Banning and a jury held an inquest Monday at Mount Vernon in the death of Mrs. Charlotte M. Bannister, who died on Wednesday last of dropsy, and whose life, it was claimed, might have been saved if she had been given medical attention. The authorities claim she was treated by Christian Science methods and that the neglect resulted in death. The jury handed in a verdict to the effect that Mrs. Bannister died from dropsy, which could have been relieved and life prolonged if proper medical treatment had been given. The jurors held that Mrs. Clarence Fowle, the Christian Scientist who treated the woman; Lillian B. Bannister, her son, and Miss Ethel Bannister, her daughter, were guilty of negligence and recommended that the coroner take the proper steps to punish them.

Coroner Banning accepted the verdict and directed the constables present to arrest the three persons held responsible by the jury. The coroner then held Lillian Bannister and Mrs. Fowle to await the action of the grand jury under \$1,000 bail each, or stand committed to jail at White Plains. In the case of Ethel Bannister he held her as an accessory. The two held as principals furnished bond and Banning paroled Ethel Bannister, who is a teacher in the New York schools.

A BRITTLE COMBINE.

Plans are Perfected for the Consolidation of Window Glass Factories.

Muncie, Ind., May 9.—The statement is now made that the mammoth window glass combine will be completed during the next few days. Glass men regard it as settled that the American Window Glass association, which goes out of existence May 30, will be supplanted by the American Glass Co. It will be a corporation with \$30,000,000 and will control, it is claimed, more than 90 per cent. of the country's window glass production. Many officers of the new organization will be the same as those who held the reins in the old combine. James A. Chambers will be the nominal head of the concern, while Thomas F. Hart, of this city, and E. L. Phillips, of New Castle, Pa., will be the controlling spirits.

An irregular thing in connection with the formation of the combine is the persistence with which the independent plants have refused to option themselves. In Indiana there are said to be but two that joined. An independent plant at Lancaster is the only one in Ohio to join.

A Cunning Scheme of Fraud.

Chicago, May 9.—Some Chicago men have hit upon a plan by which they hope to defraud the United States out of thousands of dollars. The scheme is to gather up all the second class advertising mail matter of large commercial firms, ship it to Mexico by freight, change the American money into Mexican money at a rate of 2 to 1, buy Mexican stamps, then mail the matter back to the United States, thus saving half a cent on every letter. A careful examination of the laws, the promoters claim, proves that the government is unable to do anything in the case without legislation.

Can't Agree on a Price.

Detroit, Mich., May 6.—The street railway interests represented by Tom L. Johnson and the Detroit street railway commission headed by Gov. Pinckney, have been unable to meet upon a price for the sale of the street railways to the city. The commissioners offer something over \$15,000,000, to be paid out of the receipts of the lines, the company to be secured by a new franchise extension in the event of default in payment. The companies' price is \$17,000,000, exclusive of a bank account of \$400,000, which is to be turned over to the commission as working capital.

62-Hour Pedestrian Contest Begins.

New York, May 9.—A 72-hour go-as-you-please race began at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon in Grand Central palace, with 15 starters. The men will be on the track 12 hours a day until Saturday night.

At a Good Thing for the Shipper.

Chicago, May 9.—The Michigan Central road yesterday gave notice that to meet competition it would ignore the Chicago switching tariff on eastbound freight. All the other roads have followed suit and for the present the tariff is suspended. The effect of this action is to saddle the eastern roads with the payment of switching charges aggregating nearly \$500,000 a year which have formerly been paid by the shippers.

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ATKINSON'S PAMPHLETS.

Their Author Sought to Enlist the War Department in Their Distribution.

Washington, May 6.—The post office department has made public the letter from Mr. Edward L. Atkinson on which the action of the department in seizing his pamphlets was based. Many letters asking information about the subject have reached here and the following statement was given out yesterday by Postmaster General Smith:

"In view of the statement of Mr. Edward Atkinson that he sent his pamphlets only to Admiral Dewey, Gen. Otis, President Schurman and three or four others, the letter of Mr. Atkinson containing his application will be of interest. It follows:

"Boston, April 22, 1899.—To the Secretary of War—Sir: I desire to send a large number of the enclosed pamphlets to 'The Cost of a National Crime,' 'The Hell of War and Its Penalties,' 'Criminal Aggression: by Whom Committed?' to the officers and privates in the Philippine Islands. I therefore desire to know whether or not these documents can be sent directly through the war department or may be forwarded in due course of mail. A list of regiments is desired and if there are printed lists of officers available they would serve me a very useful purpose."

"No answer was made to this letter except to send an official copy to the postmaster general, who issued instructions to the postmaster at San Francisco to hold the pamphlets. The spirit and design of the pamphlets will be indicated by a few extracts. In one of them Mr. Atkinson says: 'I will answer one question to each reader: How much increase of taxation are you willing to bear and how many of your neighbors' sons are you ready to sacrifice by fever, malaria and venereal disease in order to extend the sovereignty of the United States over the West Indies and the Philippine Islands?'

"Again after describing what he calls 'The Hell of War and Its Penalties,' Mr. Atkinson says: 'Let others should be entrapped into enlistment in the regular army or volunteer service in the tropics, it will only be fair and honest on the part of the recruiting officers to be put in possession of these facts.' Again Mr. Atkinson says: 'The way has already been plain for the youth of the land to avoid disease in the tropics by refusing to volunteer or enlist in the army or the navy of the United States. The way will be found for the volunteers now held against their will to get their release from unlawful service in any other country than their own after peace is declared.' Mr. Atkinson never speaks thus of aid to the soldiers of the United States, but he encourages the Filipinos to insurrection when he says: 'They have the power to enter into international relations, and they may yet be recognized and rightly recognized by other powers.'"

Boston, May 9.—The executive committee of the Anti-Imperialist league has adopted the following letter to be sent to Edward L. Atkinson: "The executive committee of the Anti-Imperialist league thought it proper to privately communicate at once to the same persons to whom, as you advised us April 22, you had written to express your intention of mailing your pamphlets to soldiers in the field, that the league did not desire to circulate its literature in this manner."

THE INCIDENT IS CLOSED.

Gen. Miles Refuses to Criticize the Report of the Beef Court.

Washington, May 9.—"The president is commander-in-chief of the army and my superior. He has approved the findings of the Wade court of inquiry. Therefore, I have no comment to make. It would be an unsoldierly act were I to do so."

With these words Gen. Miles replied to a reporter who saw him yesterday with regard to the probable action he would take in view of the adverse report of the court.

"Will you formulate a protest to the president?" was the next question.

"I have nothing to say. No, sir," replied the general.

"Do you believe congress will rectify the matter?"

"I do not know what congress will do, nor have I any means of knowing in advance what it will do. The result of an investigation might develop. I have no comment, criticism or statement to make in this matter, and you may take it as certain that any alleged interviews or intimations to the contrary said to come from me or near me are false."

"I was and am now actuated solely by the consideration of the health, lives and integrity of the army. My duty is done."

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NAMED BY MONNETT.

Ohio's Attorney General Claims that Charles B. Squire Entered an Emphatic Denial.

Columbus, O., May 9.—Attorney General Monnett, on Monday afternoon filed in the supreme court an answer to the motion of the Standard Oil Co. requesting that he designate the persons alluded to in his statement that he had been approached with offers of bribes to dismiss the suits against the company, and named Charles B. Squire, formerly of Cleveland, and now of New York, as the party through whom the alleged proposition was made. The attorney general in his answer requested that the motion having been made to be heard May 18, the attorney general waive the length of time and ask for an immediate hearing. He concurs in the request of the defendant that the court appoint a commissioner to take the legal testimony which bears upon the truth of such charges as are set forth in the complaint, or that such testimony may be taken in any other mode that this court may deem expedient.